Elizabeth's religious settlement

- Huge tensions between Catholics and Protestants, especially after Reformation
- Elizabeth's religious settlement tried to take the 'middle way' between both
- **Act of Supremacy made Elizabeth Supreme** Governor of Church of England, clergy loyal to her (not Pope)
- **Act of Uniformity made Protestantism** England's official religion, but new prayer book allowed for Catholic or Protestant definition of communion
- Most ordinary people accepted, 8,000 out of 10,000 priests took Oath of Supremacy, but only 1 bishop - did face challenges

Revolt of the Northern Earls, 1569-70

- Catholicism strong in North, Earls resented loss of power in court
- Wanted to make Mary queen, rebels marched South but support from Spain didn't arrive - Elizabeth retained landowner support and moved Mary away to Coventry
- Showed Mary couldn't be trusted, led to Elizabeth's excommunication (now Catholic duty to overthrow her)



Puritans = extreme Protestants, wanted to rid the Church of England of Catholic practices

Ridolfi Plot (1571)

Roberto Ridolphi (spy for Pope) convinced pain to raise troops for invasion to crown Mary and marry Duke of Norfolk - discovered by William Cecil, Norfolk executed but Spain and Catholicism still major threats to Elizabeth

Plot (1583)

Throckmorton — French Duke of Guise plotted to invade with Spanish and Papal support, Throckmorton passed letters between plotters and Mary but was discovered by Francis Walsingham, 11,000 Catholic sympathisers imprisoned

Babington Plot (Walsingham intercepted letters from Babington to Mary about Duke of Guise (1586)invasion, Mary sentenced to death (Oct 1586), Catholic persecution increased



3.TROUBLES AT HOME **AND ABROAD**



Armada leaders (Duke of Parma

& Duke of Medina Sidonia) unable to communicate Spanish low on food and cannon supplies

English ships faster and cannons fired more quickly 4

Reasons for defeat of Armada

Superior tactics used by more 🔼 experienced **English leaders** chased into familiar territory (English Channel)

- Catholic Queen of Scotland
- Elizabeth's cousin legitimate claim to throne
- Fled to England after implicated in husband's murder
- Execution destroyed hopes for Catholic plots against Elizabeth





Battle of Gravelines (8th Aug 1588) - Drake's fireships destroyed

Spanish ships and forced many to drift into North Sea

Reasons for conflict with Spain

- Treaty of Nonsuch (1585) England financed an army of 7,000 troops led by Robert Dudley for the Dutch Protestant rebels - England and Spain now at war in Netherlands
- Their Catholic alliance ended when England became Protestant
- Commerical rivalry in the New World privateers raided Spanish colonies and ships
- April 1587 Elizabeth ordered Drake to attack Spanish navy port at Cadiz, destroyed 30 ships - 'singeing of the King of Spain's beard'