

Year	Autumn		Spring		Summer			
	Physiological factors affecting performance (01)							
	Psychological factors affecting performance (02)							
	Socio-cultural issues in physical activity and sport (03)							
	Concepts/Ti	er 3 vocabulary	Concepts/Tier 3 vocabulary		Concepts/Tier 3 vocabulary			
	Applied anatomy and physiology (01)  Skill acquisition (02)  Contemporary issues in physical activity and sport (03)		Exercise physiology (01)		Biomechanics (01)			
			Skill acquisition (02) Contemporary issues in physical activity and sport (03)		Skill acquisition (02) Contemporary issues in physical activity and sport (03)			
	Justification:	Justification:	Justification:	Justification:	Justification:	Justification		
Year 12	Students gain a deeper understanding of key systems in the body and how they react to changes in diet and exercise. They also study the effects of force and motion on the body and how they can be used to our advantage	Learners will develop an understanding of the importance of being able to classify skills in order to select the most suitable approach to the learning of motor skills. Focus will be placed on how different methods of training, guidance and feedback work and why their effectiveness differs from person to person  Students consider the impact of hosting a global sporting event and the influence of modern technology on both the performer and the spectator.	Students will learn how to interpret data and graphs relating to: changes within musculo-skeletal, cardiorespiratory and neuro-muscular systems during different types of physical activity. They will also learn about the use of energy systems and the recovery process.	Knowledge and understanding will be developed of the different theories to teaching new skills. Focus will also be placed on enhancing existing skills and the opportunities to transfer between the two.  The ethics involved in sport and deviance that affects sport and sporting behaviour will be understood and applied using practical examples.	Students will gain knowledge and use of definitions, equations, formulae and units of measurement in Biomechanics and refine their ability to plot, label and interpret graphs.	Learners will begin to understand how individual differences such as personality and attitudes affect performers in sport.  Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the positive and negative impacts of commercialisation and the media on physical activity and sport. The routes to sporting excellence in the UK and the key organisations that help to achieve this will be understood		
	Assessment: Internal half termly assessments are made in all 3 examined components under timed conditions.  Component 05: Students are assessed in the role of either performer or coach in one practical activity. They are required to demonstrate effective performance, the use of tactics or							
	techniques and the ability to observe the rules and conventions under applied conditions – 15%							



	Autumn		ring	Summer	
	Physiological factors affe	External Examinations			
	Psychological factors affe Socio-cultural issues in physi	Physiological factors affecting performance (01)  2hr 90 marks – 30%			
Concepts/Tier 3 vocabulary  Exercise physiology (01)		Concepts/Tier 3 vocabulary  Exercise physiology (01)		Psychological factors affecting performance ((  1hr 60 marks – 20%  Socio-cultural issues in physical activity and sport  1 hr 60 marks - 20%	
Sports psychology (03)  Sport and society (03)		Sports psychology (03)  Sport and society (03)			
Justification:  Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of the components and functions of a balanced diet, as well as being able to relate diet, hydration and dietary supplements to performance in physical activities and sports.  Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of acute and chronic injuries related	Students explore the psychological factors that affect group dynamics and the effects of leadership and goal setting. The role of attributions in motivating performers; confidence and self-efficacy in sport are considered.  Students focus on the social and cultural factors that have shaped sports over time, and their influences on physical activity.	Justification:  Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of aerobic training, methods of evaluating aerobic capacity and factors affecting VO2 max, as well as applying the importance of this training to physical activities and sports.	Students look at stress and anxiety and the role of stress management to optimise performance. Students gain an understanding of the interpretation of graphical representations associated with sport psychology theories.  Learners will develop their knowledge and understanding of how physical activity and sport have developed through time and the factors that shape contemporary sport	Non-exam assessment (NEA) is the name for the interrassessed component of Physical Education; this include practical performances and the Evaluation and Analy. Performance for Improvement (EAPI).  Weighting of non-exam assessment is 30% of the total assessment  Learners' final marks for both NEA components must submitted to OCR by 15 March.	



					Be the best you can